

NOAA

FISHERIES

Atlantic Highly Migratory Species

Amendment 5b - Dusky Shark Management Measures:

Proposed Rule

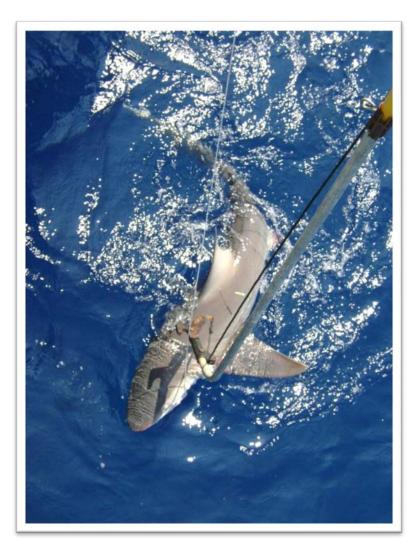
Dusky

Presented to Regional Fishery Management Councils and Marine Fisheries Commissions Oct. – Dec. 2016

Outline

Background

- Management History
- SEDAR 21 Update and Addendum
- Alternatives Considered
 - ➢ Recreational
 - Commercial
- ACLs and AMs for Prohibited Species
- Request for Comments



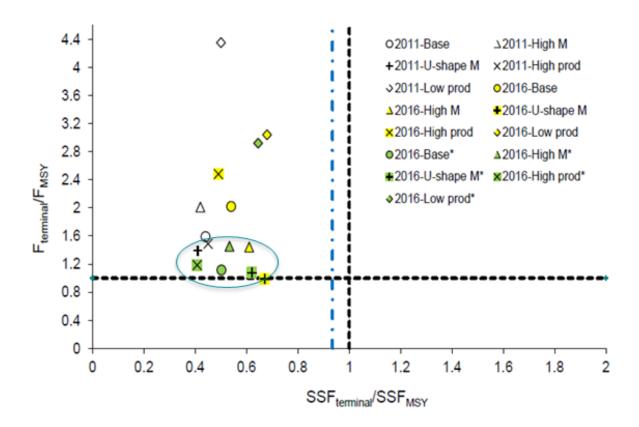


Management History

- > 2000: Dusky sharks become a prohibited species
- > 2006: First dusky shark assessment overfished/overfishing
- 2008: Amendment 2 rebuilding plan established (rebuild by 2108)
- > Aug. 2011: SEDAR 21 still overfished/overfishing
- Nov. 2012: Draft Amendment 5 & Proposed rule multiple shark species
- > April 2013: Notice of Intent for Amendment 5b dusky shark specific
- March 2014: Amendment 5b Predraft released for comment
- Oct. 2015: Oceana filed complaint regarding dusky shark management
- ➢ May 2016: Settlement agreement reached --
 - Submit proposed rule to the Federal Register by 10/14/2016
 - Submit final rule to the Federal Register by 3/31/2017
- > Oct. 2016:
 - SEDAR Update and addendum results still overfished/overfishing
 - Draft Amendment 5b and proposed rule released

SEDAR 21 Update and Addendum

- Status determination published 10/5/2016 (81 FR 69043)
- Still overfished and experiencing overfishing
- Need to reduce fishing mortality by 35%
- Rebuild by 2107





The Preferred Alternatives

> The preferred alternatives should:

- End overfishing on dusky sharks by reducing fishing mortality levels by at least 35% relative to 2015 levels
- Ensure that fishing mortality levels on dusky sharks are maintained at or below levels that would result in rebuilding by 2107

Preferred Recreational Alternatives	Preferred Commercial Alternatives		
Alternative A2	Alternative B3		
Require HMS permit holders fishing for sharks	Fishermen with an Atlantic shark limited access permit with pelagic longline		
recreationally to obtain a shark endorsement, which	gear onboard must release all sharks not being retained using a dehooker or		
requires completion of an online shark identification	cutting the gangion less than three feet from the hook.		
and fishing regulation training course, plus additional	Alternative B5		
recreational fisheries outreach.	Require completion of a shark identification and fishing regulation training		
Alternative A6a	course as a new part of all Safe Handling and Release Workshops for HMS		
Require the use of circle hooks by all HMS permit	pelagic longline, bottom longline, and shark gillnet vessel owners and		
holders fishing for sharks recreationally and when	operators.		
using natural baits and using wire or heavy (200 lb	Alternative B6		
or greater test) monofilament or fluorocarbon leaders.	Increase dusky shark outreach and awareness through development of		
leauers.	additional outreach materials, and require HMS pelagic longline, bottom		
	longline, and shark gillnet vessels to abide by a dusky shark fleet communication and relocation protocol.		
	Alternative B9		
	Require the use of circle hooks by all HMS directed shark permit holders		
	using bottom longline gear.		

Other Recreational Alternatives Considered

- Alternative A1: No action. Do not implement management measures to end overfishing and rebuild dusky sharks in the Atlantic recreational shark fishery
- Alternative A3: Require HMS permit holders fishing for sharks recreationally to have a NMFS – approved shark identification placard onboard when fishing for and/or retaining sharks
- Alternative A4: Prohibit retention of all ridgeback sharks, including oceanic whitetip, tiger, and smoothhound sharks, in the Atlantic recreational shark fishery
- Alternative A5: Increase the recreational minimum size to 89 inches fork length for all sharks
- Alternative A6b: Require the use of circle hooks by all HMS permit holders with a shark endorsement when fishing for sharks recreationally (when deploying natural bait while using a 5/0 or larger hook size)
- Alternative A6c: Require the use of circle hooks by all Atlantic HMS permit holders participating in fishing tournaments when targeting or retaining Atlantic sharks
- Alternative A7: Allow only catch and release of all Atlantic sharks by HMS permit holders. Anglers could fish for and target sharks but retention of all recreationallycaught sharks would be prohibited



Other Commercial Alternatives Considered

- Alternative B1: No action. Do not implement additional management measures to end overfishing and rebuild dusky sharks in commercial HMS fisheries
- Alternative B2: Fishermen with an Atlantic shark limited access permit and pelagic longline gear onboard would be limited to 750 hooks per pelagic longline set and no more than 800 assembled gangions onboard at any time
- Alternatives B4a-h: Prohibit the use of pelagic longline gear in HMS fisheries in various hotspot closures – Charleston Bump, Hatteras Shelf, Mid-Atlantic Bight Canyons, Southern Georges Bank
- Alternative B4i: Allow conditional access to dusky shark hotspot closure areas for HMS vessels fishing with pelagic longline gear
- > Alternative B4j: Implement dusky shark bycatch caps in the pelagic longline fishery
- Alternative B7: Request that certain states (NJ, DE, MD, VA) and the ASMFC extend the end of existing Mid-Atlantic shark time/area closure from July 15 to July 31
- > Alternative B8: Close the Atlantic HMS Pelagic Longline Fishery
- Alternative B10: Implement Individual Dusky Shark Bycatch Quotas (IDQs) for the commercial pelagic and bottom longline fisheries



Annual Catch Limits (ACLs) & Accountability Measures (AMs)

Draft Amendment 5b clarifies ACLs and AMs for the 19 prohibited sharks

ACL = 0

Basking	Dusky	Sand Tiger	Sevengill	Bigeye Sand Tiger
Bigeye Thresher	Galapagos	Whale	Sixgill	Bigeye Sixgill
Bignose	Longfin Mako	White	Narrowtooth	Smalltail
Caribbean Reef	Night	Atlantic Angel	Caribbean Sharpnose	

- Small amounts of bycatch are permissible where the ACL is set to zero and the bycatch is small and does not lead to overfishing
- There is a small amount of bycatch and illegal landings of prohibited sharks; this bycatch is not causing overfishing for most species
- > For dusky sharks, the small levels of bycatch are causing overfishing
- ➤ The measures proposed in Draft Amendment 5b are AMs
- > Additional AMs are not needed for dusky sharks and other prohibited sharks

Specific Request for Public Comments

- Mortality reduction and rebuilding objectives based upon SEDAR 21 update
- ACL and AM approach for prohibited sharks
- Alternative A2
 - ➢ How can NMFS effectively implement the shark endorsement?
 - ➤ Appropriate effective date
 - Implementation strategy
- Alternatives A6a and A6b
 - > Will the circle hook approach ensure the measure applies to the shark fishery?
 - > Should different indicators of the recreational shark fishery be adopted?
 - ightarrow Are are 200 lb test monofilament or fluorocarbon leaders good indicators?
 - > Is 5/0 or greater size hook a good indicator?
- Paperwork Reduction Act collection of information necessity



Request for Public Comments

Comment period closes on: **December 22, 2016**

Please submit comments to: http://www.regulations.gov Keyword - "NOAA-NMFS-2013-0070"

Comments can also be submitted via fax: 301-713-1917, Attn: Tobey Curtis **Or Mail:** NMFS SF1, 1315 East-West Highway, Silver Spring, MD 20910

Please identify comments with NOAA-NMFS-2013-0070

For more information go to: <u>http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov/sfa/hms/</u> or contact Tobey Curtis <u>tobey.curtis@noaa.gov</u> or Karyl Brewster-Geisz <u>karyl.brewster-geisz@noaa.gov</u> at (301) 427-8503

